

## Workplace Violence in Health Care, Especially in Hospital Emergency Departments, is a National Crisis

Workplace violence against health care workers, including emergency nurses, is a national crisis. Bureau of Labor Statistics data from 2023 reveals that although health care workers are just 10 percent of the national workforce, they account for 48 percent of missed workdays due to assault.

In the aftermath of COVID-19, the problem has continued to worsen. A survey conducted in the Fall of 2022 indicated that approximately 41 percent of hospital-based RNs reported recent increases in workplace violence.

Across the country, nurses and other health care workers are punched, kicked, spat on, stabbed or shot daily. Some even die from their injuries. Many suffer physical and emotional trauma that drives them away from the critical work of emergency nursing.

According to the CDC, the number of  
**health care workers** reporting  
**harrasment**  
while at work more than  
**doubled** between  
**2018-2022.**



Source: Menendez, C.C., et al. (2024, May 29). Prioritizing our healthcare workers: The importance of addressing the intersection of workplace violence and mental health and wellbeing. CDC NIOSH Science Blog. [https://blogs.cdc.gov/niosh-science-blog/2024/05/29/hcw\\_violence\\_mh/](https://blogs.cdc.gov/niosh-science-blog/2024/05/29/hcw_violence_mh/)

## Emergency Departments (EDs) Experience Violence at High Rates

Assaults directed at workers occur at especially high rates in EDs, which are open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Moreover, EDs are required under the Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act to stabilize and treat the emergency medical conditions of all patients. Health care professionals in the ED interact with members of the public when emotions are running high and behavior can sometimes become violent.

One recent study noted that workers in large urban EDs experienced workplace violence at least once every four shifts. Moreover, a 2021 report cited that 77% of ED staff were exposed to workplace violence. Additional data indicates as many as one-in-six nurses leave the profession annually because of workplace violence. Given the shortage of nurses plaguing the nation, retaining these professionals should be everyone's priority.

## The SAVE Act Will Make Assaults Directed at Hospital Workers a Federal Offense

With the increase in violence against hospital workers, it is clear they need to be better protected.

Although many states have passed laws over the past decade to increase penalties for violence against health care workers, there is currently no federal law that protects hospital employees from assault or intimidation. As a result, many violent attacks on health care workers are never prosecuted.

The Safety From Violence for Healthcare Employees (SAVE) Act (H.R. \_\_\_\_\_/S. \_\_\_\_\_) would mirror protections for airline and airport workers. If enacted, this legislation would allow federal authorities to charge those who assault hospital personnel with a federal crime with a prison term of up to 10 years. Aggravating factors, such as the use of a deadly or dangerous weapon or the infliction of serious bodily injury, would further increase the maximum term of imprisonment. By creating stronger penalties, this legislation would deter and prevent violence against hospital employees. Additionally, under the bill, a defendant whose action is a direct manifestation of a physical or mental disability can raise this disability as a defense to prosecution.

## The SAVE Act has Broad Support Among Health Care Providers and Hospital Groups

The SAVE Act is supported by broad coalition of health care organizations including the Emergency Nurses Association, American Hospital Association, American College of Emergency Physicians, America's Essential Hospitals, American Medical Group Association, American Society of Health-System Pharmacists, American Association of Orthopaedic Surgeons, Children's Hospital Association, American Nurses Association, Common Spirit Health, Vizient, West Virginia Hospital Association and Florida Hospital Association.

## House Request: Cosponsor and Support the Safety From Violence for Healthcare Employees (SAVE) Act (H.R. \_\_\_\_\_).

This bill was introduced by Rep. Mariannette Miller-Meeks (R-IA) and was referred to the House Judiciary Committee for further action.

## Senate Request: Cosponsor and Support the Safety From Violence for Healthcare Employees (SAVE) Act (S. \_\_\_\_\_).

This bill was introduced by Sen. Cindy Hyde-Smith (R-MS) and was referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee for further action.